THE FLOWERS COLLECTION

The Daily Bulletin.

VOL. VII.--NO. 1211.] CHARLOTTE, N. C., THURSDAY, APRIL 2, 1863. [$6 PER ANNUM

THE BULLETIN:

BY EDWARD H. BRITTON.

EVENING NEWS.

FIRST EDITION.

Wednesday Afternoon, April 1, '63.

[TELEGRAPHED FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

FROM THE WEST.

MOBILE, March 30.

The Steamer *Alice* arrived this morning from Havana, 25th inst., with an assorted cargo.

Advices from Okelona say that the enemy are marching Sauth, in Tennessee, desolating farms. The supposed aim is at North Alabama.

A special to the Memphis *Bulletin*, from Panola of the 28th, says the route to the Yazoo River, via Deer Creek, is reported as working fine. The canal operations is impeded by shells. The workmen can only work at night.

The Federal batteries at Fort Pemberton was washed away and abandoned.

It is circulated that Gen. Sumner is dead.

The Cincinnati *Eaquirer* is prohibited at Nashville.

The reported advance of the guard of Kentucky invaders had reached Clinton County.

Reinforcements from Virginia, intended for Bragg, halted at Knoxville, the basis of Kentucky movements.

FROM THE UNITED STATES.

PETERSBURG, March 29.

New York dates to the 27th has been received.

Burnside has assumed command of the Department of Ohio.

A skirmish took place on the 24th, and day before, between Federal cavalry and rebel advance South of the Rentucky river. The rebel advance is variously estimated from 3,500 to 10,000. Confidence is felt in the ability of the Federals to repel the invaders.

The non-arrival of the Frankfort train at Louisville on the 24th, caused much anxiety.

A dispatch from Memphis on the 26th says Farraguts vessels had recaptured the Indianola at Hardemons bend without resistance.

The fight at Brentwood Station resulted in a Yankee loss of 15 killed [illegible] missing. Rebel loss the same, but about 42 prisoners, Van Dorn conducted the fight with 15,000. Another dispatch received at Phila, represents the rebel loss much greater than the above and the enemy's loss as less.

A rebel deserter at Murfreesboro says the wife of Gen. Bragg died at Tullahoma on the 3d.

The rebel steamer Lightning was from Port Royal.

Willeys amendment and Constitution of the New State of Virginia were ratified on the 25th by an almost unanimous vote.

Lincoln and his friends at Washington were never more encouraged since the rebellion than now.

Guthrie made an earnest protestation to Lincolns colonizing and removal of all the Kentucky troops from that State, and exposing the people to more rebel raids.—Burnsides' corps will fill up the vacancy in Kentucky.

Gold in New York on Thursday was 139; Exchange 153; Cotton 55 to 65, with sales of 75 bales.

THE TAX BILL.

RICHMOND, March 30.

The Examiner of to-day, contains a synopsis of the Tax Bill recently passed. The House was in secret session. The first section provides a tax of one per cent. on the value of all real and personal property except such as may be employed in business taxed under this act. Ten per cent. upon the value of agricultural products not owned by producers, and five per cent. when in the hands of the producer. The next five sections prescribes a specific tax of forty to five hundred dollars on various merchantile pursuits, etc.; also a tax of two and a half to forty per cent. on the gross profits thereof. The heaviest tax is on bankers, brokers, liquor dealers and theatres. The remaining sections provides a tax of one per cent. on salaries—of two per cent. when over fifteen hundred dollars. Railroads and steamboat companies five per cent. on passenger receipts, and two and a half on freight.—Banks, telegraph, manufacturing companies, etc., twenty-eight per cent. on premiums and on profits. All real and personal property bought and sold during 1862 and to 1st April, 1863, ten per cent. On every sale after first April, except to government or person or company whose business is taxed under this act, two and a half. After first January, 1863, fourteen per cent. On incomes or profits from all sources, other than property on which tax is paid under this act when income exceeds $10,000, additional tax of ten per cent. Foreigners between eighteen and forty-five, not in the military service, shall pay double. Advertisements in newspapers, two and one-third per cent., payable quarterly. The last section describes the property exempt from taxation, including bonds of the Confederate States and of each State; property from the possession of which the owners have been deprived by the enemy during twelve months next before assessment; property of less value than two thousand dollars, belonging to persons in the military or naval service.

CONFEDERATE CONGRESS.

RICHMOND, March 30

In the Senate to-day the bill exempting mail contractors and drivers of post coaches from military service passed; also the Senate bill to regulate action of the Secretary of the Navy, upon decisions in Naval General Court Martial. The bill to place Hospitalt under Military control was rejected. In the House various bills passed including House bill to provide additional Quartermasters. Senate bill to employ best pilots for service in Confederate Marine and for continuing in service seamen now in service.

STRANGE FREAKS OF THE WAR.—The Memphis Bulletin, referring to a true and trite phrase that history repeats itself, says this is peculiarly the fact with regard to the history of our war. The scenes, the incidents, the defeats and successes of a year ago are being repeated to-day. The battle fields upon which so much valor has been displayed and so much blood has been shed, have again become the scenes of conflict. Thus we had two serious battles at Bull Run, two battles at Corinth, two at Vicksburg, and a third in contemplation, and lastly, we are on the eve of a second bloody drama at Charleston in which Beauregard introduced the first act by an attack on Sumter. Then, as now, Beauregard commanded at Charleston.

☞ General Nagle's removal caused great regret. Two or three generals said "they would not be far behind Gen. Nagles in their journey northward." The belief is he has been removed because he does not sympathize with the Generals in the Department of the South, whose sympathies are altogether with the negro.

EXTORTION.—The South Carolina Senate has adopted the following resolution: "That the practice of extortion, especially in the existing state of the country, is odious and wicked, the offspring of heartless selfishness, and justly places those engaged in it in the class of enemies of the human race."

AUCTION SALE.

OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

YADKIN MANUFACTURING COMPANY

AT the site upon which the Factory was burned at *Milledgeville, N. C.*, 22 miles South of Salisbury and 2 miles East of Gold Hill, on Wednesday the 8th of April next, and to continue from day to day, at which time and place will be sold the following articles, viz:

CASSIMERES, JEANS,

Warps, Wrapping Paper, Cotton Cards, Files, Wood Screws, Locks, Butts, White Lead, Extract of Logwood, Bichromate of Potash, Beeswax, Lard Oil, Olive Oil, Soap, Nails, Copperas, Blue Stone, and various other small articles too numerous to mention. Also,

Bacon, Lard, Salt and Corn,

Also, 8 mules, 14 horse Wagon and Harness, 1 1 horse Wagon, 1 2 horse Wagon, 1 Iron Safe, 2 pair platform Scales, 1 pair of counter Scales and Weights, 1 pair Gold Scales, 1 sett of Blacksmith Tools,

1 No. 1 36 inch STEAM BOILER,

with two 9 inch Flues 22 feet long, Fire Front and Smoke Stack complete, 1 Cylinder Boller, 1 Gas Apparatus complete and in good order, 1 sett of Tinners' Tools, 1 Henly's Cast Iron Water Wheel with wrought Iron Shaft, 5 second hand 30 inch Cotton Cards, 2 good Iron Force Pumps, Segments for Water Wheel, Pinions, Gudgeons, Pillar Blocks, large cast Iron Shaft. Also, a large quantity of

Washed, Unwashed and Colored WOOL,

Gas Pipe, 3 and 6 inch cast Iron Pipe, wrought Iron Shafting, cast Iron Couplings, cast Iron, wrought Iron and Steel.

Conditions Cash. V. MAUNEY, Agent.

Milledgeville, N. C., March 26, 1863—d6t

TO COTTON PLANTERS.

I HAVE BEEN APPOINTED BY THE SECRETARY of the Treasury, Chief Agent for the purchase of Cotton for the Confederate Government within the State of North Carolina, and will pay for the same in 7 per cent. Bonds or Cash.

Sub-Agents visiting the different parts of the State, buying in my name, will have written certificates of appointment.

By order of the "Secretary of the Treasury," all Cotton purchased by myself, or my Agents, on and after the 18th day of March, 1863, will be paid for in 7 per cent. Bonds or Cash, and not 8 per cent. Bonds as stated in a former advertisement. Up to that time, however, the 8 per cent. Bonds will be furnished as stated.

Patriotic citizens are now offered an opportunity to aid the Government by selling to it their Cotton rather than to private capitalists.

LEWIS S. WILLIAMS.

Charlotte, March 20, 1863—tf

☞ The Charlotte Democrat, Fayetteville Observer, Wadesboro Argus, Raleigh Register and the Goldsboro Tribune are requested to copy the above until forbid.

RECEIVER'S SALE.

WILL BE OFFERED AT PUBLIC SALE the following tracts or parcels of land, belonging to alien enemies, now decreed and condemned by the Confederate Court to the use of the Confederate States of America, at the following times and places, to wit:

At the Court-house in Salisbury, on the 4th day of May next, it being County Court week, FIVE TRACTS in Rowan County, containing about 526 acres, the property of Charles Hartman, Jesse Hartman, Mary Ann Hartman, Malinda Hartman and three other brothers and girls named, Nancy Hartman, and Catharine Wilhelm, (alien enemies) and given in by Levi Trexler.

ALSO, at the same time and place, two tracts near Gold Hill containing 144¾ acres, the property of R. F. Stockton an alien enemy.

At the Court-house in Lexington, Davidson County, on the 15th day of April next, three tracts, one containing 45 acres, belonging to Alston Gobbie; one tract containing 54 acres, belonging to the wife of Jos. Brown, of Indiana; and one other tract containing 26 acres, belonging to Susan Lookabee; two tracts well known as the Conrad Gold Mines, will also be exposed to public sale together with a large, first rate Engine, at the Mine on the 14th April next.

At the Court-house in Winston, Forsyth County, on the 17th day of April next one tract containing 126 acres, belonging to J. W. Fulp and wife.

JOHN I. SHAVER, Receiver.

March 30, 1863—d1w

SAM'L J. LOWRIE

Attorney at Law

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

☞ Office in Brawley Building, opposite Kerr's Hotel.

Feb. 18 1863 1y

MERCHANT TAILORING.

THE undersigned having located two doors South of the MANSION HOUSE, Charlotte, N. C., is prepared to fill all orders in his line of business, such as Military and Citizens Clothing, Cars, Lace, Buttons, &c., &c.

A liberal share of the patronage of the public is respectfully solicited, as all orders entrusted to my care will be promptly and faithfully filled. I have competent workmen, and can compete with any other establishment in giving a "good fit," and I warrant my work to give entire satisfaction.

Mr. R. M. ROBINSON, an experienced cutter, is engaged in this establishment, and he will be pleased to wait upon his friends.

J. A. CALDWELL.

March 18, 1863—1

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to Fullings & Springs, by note or account, are hereby notified to call upon Wm. M. Grier, Ex-Sheriff, and make immediate settlement.

J. M. SPRINGS.

Jan 29, 1863—tf

AT PRIVATE SALE.

Two large Store-rooms and one Dwelling House with five rooms, all located near the centre of the town.

Apply at the Branch Bank of North Carolina Sept 23, 62 dtf

STENHOUSE & MACAULAY,

Commission Merchants,

At their Old Stand, Trade Street.

Keep constantly on hand a well selected Stock of Family Groceries.

All orders for Flour, Corn, Bacon, &c., promptly and carefully filled.

Factories supplied with Cotton, on commission of 50 cents per bale.

J. E. STENHOUSE,
ALLEN MACAULAY.

Charlotte, N. C., May 3, 1862—1y

TO RENT.

That handsomely fitted up Store, known as China Hall, one of the best locations in Charlotte may be rented the ensuing year. For terms, &c., apply to Dr. HAYS.

Dec. 25, '62—tf.

NOTICE.

On account of age and infirmity, I will sell my HOTEL in the Town of Monroe, Union county, N. C.; Also the furniture and fixtures, stables, offices, &c., all of which are new and in complete order. The Wilmington and Rutherfordton Rail Road runs through the town and this is the only Hotel in the place. Also three town lots besides, lying near the Hotel. Also a good plantation, having 75 acres of fresh open land, joining the town. Any person desirous of purchasing will find me at any time ready to show the property and willing to dispose of it on very favorable terms.

JAMES BICKET.

Monroe, N. C., Feb 12, 1863—twtf

NORTH CAROLINA POWDER MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

The works of this Company, located 12 miles West of Charlotte upon the Catawba River, are now in full operation with a good supply of material. All orders from any section of the Southern Confederacy for fine rifle and sporting Powder, as also orders from Rail Road Contractors, Miners and others for Blasting Powder will be promptly filled.

Address Charlotte, N. C.,

S. W. DAVIS, Prest.

March 10, 1863—dtf

☞ The following papers will please copy the above advertisement for one month and send bills to this office:

Fayetteville Observer, Greensboro' Patriot, Asheville News, Petersburg Express, Lynchburg Republican, Knoxville Register, Chattanooga Rebel, Augusta Constitutionist, Montgomery Mail, Mobile Advertiser & Register, Daily Southern Crisis, Columbia Carolinian, Charleston Courier.

The Daily Evening Gazette.

PROSPECTUS.

ON MONDAY, the second day of March, the undersigned will commence the above named paper, to be issued every afternoon, (Sundays excepted,) at 5 o'clock. It will contain four pages of reading matter and advertisements. The reading will comprise Army Correspondence, Telegraphic Communications, Summary of War News, City Items and Literary Contributions, &c., &c.

Our object in introducing another daily is to supply the great demand, so long felt, for a medium of news for the evening.

Advertisements per square	$1 00
Each subsequent insertion	50
Subscriptions, per annum	10 00
" six months	6 00
" three months	4 00
" one month	1 50

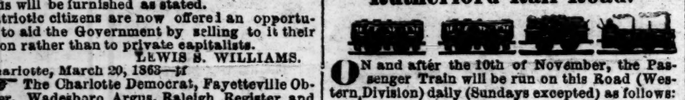
Dealers supplied at a reasonable discount.

All communications addressed to M. A. MALSBY, Richmond, Va.

☞ Office corner of Main and 14th streets, over S. A. Myers' jewelry store.

☞ All papers desiring to exchange will please forward their address to the proprietor of the Gazette. Feb 28—tf

Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Rail Road.



ON and after the 10th of November, the Passenger Train will be run on this Road (Western Division) daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

GOING WEST.

ARRIVE		LEAVE
	Charlotte	8.00 A. M.
6.48 A. M.	Tuskaseege	8.51 "
9.23 "	Brevard	9.28 "
9.54 "	Sharon	9.59 "
10.23 "	Lincolnton	10.30 "
11.15 "	Cherryville	

GOING EAST

ARRIVE.		LEAVE.
	Cherryville,	12 M.
12.45 P. M.	Lincolnton	12.55 P. M.
1.19 "	Sharon	1.24 "
1.50 "	Brevard	1.58 "
2.25 "	Tuskaseege	2.33 "
3.15 "	Charlotte	

Passengers are required in all cases, without exception, to purchase tickets, wherever there are ticket agents, and also to furnish the right change, as the Company cannot procure change for every one. An omission to do either subjects the party to an extra charge of 25 cents, which the conductor is strictly required to collect.

By Order,

V. A. McBEE,
Acting Master of Transportation.

Lincolnton, Oct. 30, 1862.

WANTED TO HIRE.

Five hands to work on Statesville Railroad and ten for the C. & S. C. Rail Road for three months or longer.

WM. JOHNSTON, Pres't.

Sept. 15, 1862—tf.

Atlantic, Tenn. & O. R. R.

Prepayment must be made on all Freights going up this Road at this point, when not paid south of this.

JAS. DANIEL, Agent.

Feb 18, 1863—tf

IMPERIAL TEA.

A small quantity of this most delicious Green Tea for sale by the single pound at

Jan. 17 dtf. THE BOOKSTORE.

A. W. ALEXANDER,

DENTIST.

Offers his professional services to the public. He is prepared to execute all operations belonging to Dentistry.

Office opposite Kerr's Hotel, in Brawly Building, 2d floor, North corner room.

I take pleasure in recommending Dr. Alexander, to my patrons. Having confidence in his skill, I have authorized him to operate on the teeth of my own Family.

Feb. 20-dtf. E. H. ANDREWS.

CHARLOTTE DRUG STORE.

E. NYE HUTCHISON & Co.

RETAIL DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS, Medicines, Chemicals Perfumery, Fancy Articles, Oils, Paints, Varnishes Window Glass, Putty, Dye Stuffs, Turpentine Burning Fluid, Alcohol, Pure Liquors, Canton Teas Field and Garden Seeds, &c., &c.

Having closed our books, we intend to sell here after for cash. [May 4, 1861—tf

ATLANTIC, TENN. & OHIO RAIL ROAD.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Atlantic, Tennesee & Ohio Rail Road Company on the 13th instant, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That all subscriptions of Stock heretofore made to the Atlantic, Tennessee & Ohio Rail Road Company, on which three or more instalments have been paid, and on which default has been made to pay the balance due, are hereby declared forfeited to the use and benefit of the Company, including all payments made on the same, according to the provisions of the Charter, provided all arrearages on said Stock are not paid by the 15th of October next.

Resolved, That suit be instituted against all other solvent and delinquent Stockholders failing to make payment by the 1st of October next.

Resolved, That the reduced rates for passengers returning same day are hereby abolished.

M. L. WRISTON, Treasurer.

Sept. 15, 1862—tf

Family Flour for Sale.

AT the Charlotte Flouring Mills can be had Family, Superfine and fine FLOUR, SECONDS, SHORTS and BRAN.

Also, MEAL and GRIST.

JOHN WILKES,
Charlotte Flour Mills.

SUPERIOR SEWING SILK.

The subscriber has just received an invoice of the very best ITALIAN SEWING SILK, which he offers to the public at 12½ cents per skein.

J. S. PHILLIPS.

Feb 14, 1863—dtf

PRINTERS' INK MANUFACTURED BY

B. A. RANDALL,

MARIETTA, GEORGIA.

BOOK, NEWS AND COLORED INKS, of an excellent quality, and warranted equal to the best Northern make.

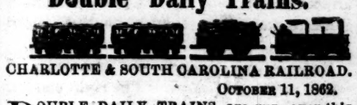
NEWS INK at 15 cents per lb.

COLORED INKS at $1 to $8 per lb., in half pound and pound cans.

☞ Every paper inserting this advertisement for one month and sending me a copy of their paper, will receive pay for the same upon purchasing three times the amount of their bill from me.

March 26, 1863—1m B. A. R.

Double Daily Trains.



CHARLOTTE & SOUTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.

OCTOBER 11, 1862.

DOUBLE DAILY TRAINS are run over this Road as follows:

Leave Columbia	8.00 A. M.	6.10 P. M.
Arrive Charlotte,	3.30 P. M.	2.00 A. M.
Leave Charlotte,	9.00 A. M.	9.15 P. M.
Arrive Columbia,	4.50 P. M.	5.00 A. M.

The Trains connect at Charlotte with the North Carolina Railroad, forming a double daily connection with Richmond, and at Columbia with the South Carolina Railroad and the Greenville and Columbia Railroad trains.

E. HULBERT,
October 11, '62—tf General Superintendent

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF N. C. R. R. CO.,
COMPANY SHOPS, Sept. 24, 1862.

Notice is hereby given to shippers and others interested that the tariff of freight rates on this Road will be raised twenty-five per cent, and the rates on passengers to five cents per mile, on and after the first day of October.

T. J. SUMNER, Eng'r & Supt.

Sept 26, 1862—dtf

PALMETTO IRON WORKS.

COLUMBIA, S. C.

WILLIAM GLAZE, Proprietor.
GEORGE A. SHIELDS, Foreman.

MANUFACTURES STEAM ENGINES of any power desired, for Mills and Plantation purposes, at short notice, having at all times on hand some finished, or in a forward state. In connection with our Mill and Engine Work, we have secured the services of Mr. JOHN CRABTREE, who is one of the best Millwrights in the South, to superintend the putting up of Mills and Engines.

CORN MILLS.

I am agent for one of the best PORTIBLE MILLS now in use, and can furnish any size wanted. Persons wishing the Mills are invited to call at the Works, and witness the operation of the one now in use. The Mill-rack, which is the very best, is procured from Edgefield, S. C., and the Mills are built complete at our Establishment.

BRASS AND IRON CASTINGS.

All descriptions of BRASS and IRON CASTINGS executed in the very best manner, and at short notice, as we cast every day in the week. Our stock of patterns is very large, having recently purchased all those formerly owned by C. W. Wright, which being added to those made at my Establishment for the past five years, makes the assortment more full than any other like establishment in the State.

CIRCULAR SAWS.

I am agent for R. Hoe & Co's celebrated CIRCULAR SAWS, and also for a manufacturer of the same article in Richmond, Va. A full supply of these SAWS, of all sizes, always on hand. Persons wishing them, will do well to call on me, as I make no charge for fitting them to the mandrels.

OLD SAWS RE-TOOTHED.

I have a GUMMING MACHINE on hand, and am prepared to re-tooth old saws, making them as good as new.

Wire Railing.

I am agent for one of the largest Wire Railing Companies at the North, and will furnish WINDOW GUARDS, GALLERIES, VERANDAHS, BEDSTEADS, or any description of Wire Work, at the book prices of the manufacturer, which can be seen at my office.

dec 11, 1862—tf WILLIAM GLAZE.

BREAKFAST AND SUPPER HOUSE,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

(OPPOSITE RAIL ROAD SHED.)

RIGHT HAND SIDE GOING NORTH,
LEFT HAND SIDE GOING SOUTH.

☞ Passengers taking meals at this House will save their Omnibus fare.

H. P. ACKERMAN, Proprietor.

March 18, 1863—dlm

WILLIAMS & OATES

have this day associated with them in the *Merchantile and Commission business*,

LEWIS W. SANDERS.

The style of the firm will hereafter be WILLIAMS OATES & Co.

All persons indebted to the late firm of Williams & Oates will please call and settle up, as we wish to close our old business.

WILLIAMS & OATES.

Dec. 2-tf.

FOR RENT.

A desirable family residence may be rented for the balance of the year. The House is pleasantly situated, containing eight good rooms, and necessary out buildings. For further particulars apply at Terres' Hotel to

E. TERRES.

March 9-dtf.

TO STOCK RAISERS.

BLACK HAWK MORGAN.

Any person wishing to raise fine stock will find this HORSE, during the Spring season, at the stable of A. B. Davidson, Esq., Mondays, Tuesdays, and Wednesdays, and the remainder of the week at the stable of the subscriber, in Gaston Co. Season commencing 9th March.

PRICE—$15 a leap; $20 per season.

Insurance $30.

Mares will be kept at 50c per day.

All care will be taken to prevent accidents, but the subscriber will not be responsible for them.

All persons parting with mares will be held responsible for the insurance.

J. S. DAVIDSON.

Mch. 12, '63-tf

☞ Democrat please copy.

MORE NEW GOODS.

50 dozen Linen Cambric HANKERCHIEFS just received and for sale at

KAHNWEILER & BRO.

Feb 27, 1863—tf

BLACK ALPACCA.

A splendid article, just to hand at

KAHNWEILER & BRO.

Feb 27, 1863—tf

NEW GOODS.

The undersigned have just received and opened a new and beautiful assortment of

Spring and Summer Prints

of the latest styles. Also

BLACK AND WHITE CALICOES

AND

Mourning Mouslin.

Also a few dozens

Pure Olive Oil.

Call and purchase at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

Feb 23, 1863—tf.

WANTED.

Immediate employment will be given to eight or ten good, sober and industrious hands to work in the North Carolina Powder Mills. S. W. DAVIS, Pres.

Feb 26, '63-tf

FLOUR MILL FOR SALE.

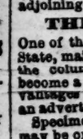
The subscriber having entered into a contract for building the Rail Road from Danville to Greensboro, is desirous of devoting his whole time to that work, and offers his STEAM MILL for sale. The property is situated in the town of Charlotte, on the North Carolina Rail Road, has six run of Mill Stones and the Flour manufactured has a high reputation throughout the Southern Confederacy.

It has also a Barrel Factory, with improved Machinery, and Cooper shops attached, which will be sold with the Mill or separately.

JOHN WILKES.

August 28, '62—tf.

Wheat and Corn Wanted.



THE planting community will take notice that their Wheat and Corn Crops will be purchased at the Charlotte Steam Flouring Mill, at market prices. Those having Wheat and Corn for sale may find it to their advantage to call at the Mill before closing a sale.

JOHN WILKES & CO
Charlotte Flour Mill

aug 1, 1860-1y

ELEGANT SHOES FOR SALE.

Very neat French Calf BOOTEES for Ladies.

Pegged Calf Bootees, (light) for Ladies.

Pegged Goat Skin Bootees for Ladies.

Gent's High Cut Scotch, neatly made.

Elegant pegged and sewed BROGANS, double sole.

A fresh arrival of Shoe PEGS, to sell by the quart, sizes 4-8, 5-8, 6-8 and 7-8,

Also, a lot of SHOE KNIVES.

JNO. F. BUTT,
Mint Street, Charlotte, N. C.

Feb 18, 1863—dtf

Charlotte Foundry And Machine Shop.

HAVING purchased from J. A. Fox the above establishment, the undersigned begs leave to call the attention of the public to the fact that he is now ready to fill every order for making Steam Engines, Cotton and Tobacco Presses, and every description of Machinery. All kinds of Castings in Iron, Brass and other metals made at short notice and reduced prices. Particular attention given to the making and repairing of Threshing Machines, Horse Powers, Cotton Gins, Mill Works and Agricultural Work of all kinds. Blacksmithing, Job, Wagon Work, and Horse-Shoeing done with dispatch. Old Iron, Brass and Copper Castings bought at the Foundry or taken in exchange for job work. All kinds of Wood Turning also done.

dec 26-tf JOHN M. HOWE.

APPEAL TO THE CHARITABLE.

The funds for the support of the Charlotte Wayside Hospital are exhausted. The Institution has been sustained during the past year under the supervision of the Board of Commissioners of the Town by donations from our citizens. During this time many sick and wounded soldiers have been taken care of and it is the desire of the Board still to offer aid to our suffering soldiers if our community will aid.

Contributions for the Hospital will be received at the Branch Bank.

THOS. W. DEWEY,
Jan 1, 1862—tf Town Treas.

MILLINERY GOODS.

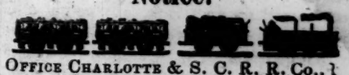
Received per Steamer—from—

Ladies English STRAW BONNETS.
Donstable and Split Straw Hats.
Misses and Ladies Nymph Hats.
Misses and Ladies Isabella Hats.
Misses and Ladies Catharine Hats.
Misses and Ladies Sylph Hats.
Misses and Ladies Westend riding Hats.
Misses and Ladies Jockey and Zouave Hats.
Buys English Straw Hats.

Just received and for sale at the fashionable Bazaar of

KAHNWEILER & BROS,
August 23, '62—tf

Notice.



OFFICE CHARLOTTE & S. C. R. R. Co.,
COLUMBIA, Nov. 15, 1862.

The Through Passenger Fare on this Road, on and after the 18th inst., will be SIX DOLLARS, and the local rates corresponding.

E. HULBERT,
Nov 17, 1862—tf Gen'l Sup't

PROSPECTUS OF THE CHARLESTON MERCURY

A POLITICAL, COMMERCIAL, AND LITERARY NEWSPAPER

PUBLISHED DAILY AND TRI-WEEKLY

THE MERCURY gives daily reports of the Market and Marine Intelligence in Charleston, and of Charleston commerce in the leading seaports of the world. The Weekly Prices Current is made up with much care, and from the most reliable sources. Its connection with the "Associated Press" insures the latest intelligence by Telegraph and the earliest news by Steamers from Europe. It has an able and accomplished Correspondent in London (a gentleman connected with the editorial staff of the London Times,) and regular Correspondents in New York, Washington, Key West and Havana. The monthly New York Fashion Letters, and weekly letters on Life in Washington are additional attractions in favor of its lady readers. Its literary notices, from the pen of a gentleman who occupies perhaps the highest position among the literary men of the South, are discriminating and comprehensive.—Attention is paid to all matters of general concern, especially those in reference to the Planting and Agricultural interest, and to the current news of the day. Great care is taken that nothing shall appear in its columns which should be excluded from the family circle.

The political creed of the MERCURY consists in the principles of the Democratic Party, as laid down in the Virginia and Kentucky Resolutions of 1798 and 1799—the [illegible] and a strict construction of the Federal Constitution, Free Trade, and an economical administration of the Government. Its policy is the Union of the Southern States in maintaining their rights.

Terms—Payable in Advance.

DAILY, per annum.....$10.0
TRI-WEEKLY.....5.00

Clubs will be Furnished as follows.

Five Copies of the DAILY for.....$40.00
Five Copies of the TRI-WEEKLY.....20.00

The name of no person out of Charleston will be entered on our books, unless the payment of the subscription be made in advance. Nor will orders from without the city to publish Advertisements, Marriage Notices, or Obituaries, be attended to, unless the cash, or an acceptable City reference, accompany the order. Money may always be forwarded at our risk in registered letters.

POSTMASTERS are authorized to act as our Agents in obtaining subscribers and forwarding the money; and by sending us *Five* DAILY subscribers, with $50 enclosed—or *Five* TRI-WEEKLY subscribers, with $25 enclosed, will be entitled to ad *extra copy*; or if preferred, they may retain *Twenty per cent.* of the pre-payments, for their trouble and in lieu of the extra paper.

Out of South Carolina, no person whatever is authorised to collect debts already due to the MERCURY.

In the State Mr. SAMUEL E. BURGESS is our regular Agent to make collections and procure new business and subscriptions.

In Charleston, Mr. JAMES D. BUDDS, connected with the office, is our regular authorized collector who has full power to receipt for money now due the paper and to contract for future business.

Subscribers and others, in debt to us, are urgently requested to send in our dues by mail at the earliest period. By so doing, they will save us twenty per cent, an amount equivalent to a principal portion of the profits.

☞ EDITORS in the State and throughout the South, who receive our TRI-WEEKLY for their WEEKLY, are respectfully requested to compensate us for the difference in value by inserting this Prospectus. R. B. RHETT, JR.

No. 4. Broad Street, Charleston, S. C

THE BULLETIN AND THE CATAWBA JOURNAL.

The circulation of the above named paper is rapidly increasing, and its influence as an advertising medium is being felt and appreciated by its patrons, having access to almost every neighborhood in this and adjoining Counties, as well as the adjoining Districts in South Carolina.

THE CATAWBA JOURNAL,

One of the largest papers now published in the State, mailed for $1.00 per annum, made up from the columns of the DAILY BULLETIN, has not only become a popular paper, but it affords great advantages to those who wish to use its columns as an advertising medium.

Specimen copies will be sent to any section they may be ordered, free of postage.

For terms, &c., we refer the reader to our imprint.

B. H. BRITTON.

TO THE LADIES.

NEW PARIS STYLES!!—NEW PARIS STYLES!!!

WE would call the particular attention of the Ladies to our MILLINERY DEPARTMENT, which is presenting a great varity of attractive styles. Our Bonnet Frames are of the latest and most approved Paris styles, *Our Own Importation.* Our stock of Materials is the largest and best assorted and selected in the Confederacy.

The whole department is under the immediate supervision of our Head Milliner, Miss Kerr, late of Charleston, a lady of acknowledged refined taste; the press of business in the line has compelled us to make an addition to our force of Milliners and we have been most fortunate in the selection of Miss Hogan—also of Charleston. Having now, such a fine stock and so large a force to work it up we will be enabled to fill any order with dispatch.

KAHNWEILER & BRO.

Charlotte, Nov. 28 '62-dtf.

THE BULLETIN:

BY EDWARD H. BRITTON.

TERMS FOR PAPERS:

DAILY BULLETIN:

For one month,	$1.00
" two "	1.75
" three "	2.00
" six "	3.25
" one year,	6.00

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For three months,	$1.50
" six "	2.50
" one year,	4.00

CATAWBA JOURNAL—WEEKLY:

For one year,	$1.00

LETTER FROM COLUMBIA.

Correspondence of the Bulletin.]

COLUMBIA, S. C., March 28, 1863.

Mr. Editor: Having a leisure moment to devote to the interest and welfare of the public, I propose to scribble something for your interesting daily. The dull, monotonous din of war still continues without any perceivable prospect of its abatement, although our people are (many of them) inclined to the opinion that we will ere long be enjoying the privileges and blessings of an unconditionally recognized and *de facto* government.

The great "anaconda" is, to all appearance, in a torpid state, having no disposition to "wind a coil" or "make a spring" upon its unwary prey. Perhaps he is only sleeping with one eye open, waiting a favorable moment to "make a forward movement" prior to "changing his base."—Such are the evidences as regards the attack on Charleston. Time and again has been named for an attack, but as yet not the slightest demonstration has been made in that quarter. The strength of the city is known and a successful capture of that metropolis is out of the question. The place has undergone the most rigid scrutiny by officers who justly deserve high encomium for their efforts in making the city impregnable. Fortifications are positioned so as to surprise and baffle the enemy, come which way he may.

I paid a visit a day or two since to the large and spacious Saluda Factory, owned by Childs, Johnston & Williard. It is truly a "great institution," especially at this time. They have contracts to a large amount to make cloth for the army. Mr. Childs, who is well and favorably known as a factory man, was present and exhibited all those affable and pleasing qualities for which he is famed. He was the proprietor of the old "Lincoln Factory," situated near Lincolnton, N. C., which was destroyed by fire sometime since. This firm is selling yarns and other of their manufactures at exceedingly low prices, thereby helping our cause greatly, which has been and still is much abused by those miserable land-sharks, called *speculators*.

The item of letter writing must to a considerable extent have increased since the war commenced, nothwithstanding that our tariff of postage is ten cents. One gentleman alone in this place, Mr. E. R Stokes, has ruled since the first day of January, about 3000 reams of paper. This will no doubt open the eyes of the credulous but it is nevertheless a fact.

The prices of provisions have advanced to such an extent that it is difficult to "raise the wind" high enough to procure a sufficient quantity of "the staff of life," to make a good dinner. The Mayor of our city should be highly commended for doing the public a little favor day before yesterday, by *confiscating* and *appropriating* a fine lot of eggs from a negro extortioner. The negro bought eggs at fifty cents per dozen and immediately offered them for seventy-five cents. The Mayor thereupon very properly *confiscated* them, and appropriated them to the use of the poor of the city. *Viva la* Goodwyn.

Our city presents a very lively appearance. The fair sex are as numerous as blackberries in June, and I must say some are pretty, very pretty. They are very generally gallanted by the *gallant soldier*, who *seem* to be better qualified for this office than he is for the office he has assumed in the camp.

An alarm of fire was caused on Thursday night by an ash-box burning through the ground flour of the Central House.—The damage was triffling, owing to the exertions of our ever wide-awake firemen.

No other news of interest worthy of note. I will endeavor in my next to give your readers a more palatable scribble, and also hope to have something more interesting.

More anon. ARTHUR.

☞ A number of the papers of the North are endeavoring to show to their readers that the "rebellion" may soon be brought to a close by the appearance of starvation in the Confederacy. They are impressed with the idea that the people and the army are already suffering from want of food, and believe that if they can before many weeks succeed in obtaining possession of the seaports of the country, and continue to hold the country at present under their control, the Confederates will be compelled to submit or starve.—Our planters should do their best to disappoint the expectations of the Federals. Let it not be recorded in history that the Southern Confederacy was "wiped out" of existence by the Abolition hordes of the North because of the unpatriotic acts of the agricultaral portion of its community. Planters of the South! The fate of the Confederacy is in your hands. See to it that you do your duty. Plant largely of the things that will feed the army in the field, and their families at home.

A steam engine which consumes its own smoke and steam and makes no noise, is now in successful operation on a horse rail road in New Jersey. It is called a dummy engine, and if the experiment proves as successful as it bids fair to now, the use of horses for such purposes is about done with.

CHARLOTTE.

Wednesday Morning, April 1, '63.

Important News.

In consequence of the stormy weather that has prevailed during the past two days, whereby the Telegraph Line between Charlotte and Columbia, as well as the line farther South, has been somewhat injured, we failed to receive our Dispatches at the proper time. They have reached us through the Raleigh *Progress* from which paper we copy them. They are highly important.

☞ The annexed extract from a late speech of Mr. Cox of Ohio, shows him to be a pretty good hand at illustrating the glorious old puritan. Hear him:

A COUPLE OF ILLUSTRATIONS.

I propose to give two illustrations of these truths. The first is in your midst. Every Sabbath you have a sermon from Dr. Cheever. [bisses] demonstrating that our failures in battle are owing to the displeasure of God, because of the sin of slavery. [Cries of "Oh!"] He makes slavery the terrible crime of the world in his own fancy, and reduces Omnipotence to the task of punishing us by war for its existence. He conveniently forgets that there is another side to the battle, and that when we fail God sides, by the foolish logic, with slaveholders. [Laughter.]

Parallel with this logic, turn back to 1676 when Randolph came to New New England from the parent Government, to find out the cause of the Indian war. The answer of the Government of Massachusetts furnishes the commentary: It officially declared that "these are the great and provoking evils for which God hath given the barbarous heathen commission to rise against them: For men wearing long hair and periwigs made of woman's hair.—[Laughter.] For women wearing borders of hair, and disguising themselves by following strange fashions in their apparel. [Laughter.] For profaneness in the people in not frequenting the meetings, and others going away before the blessing is pronounced. [Laughter.] For suffering the Quakers to dwell among them, and to set up their thresholds by God's threshold contrary to their old laws and resolutions, with many such reasons."

Thus it will be seen that the original defects in the Puritan pattern have been copied to this day. Like the Chinese artist, when told to copy a fine and costly piece of porcelain to which some accident had happened he followed his instructions with such great skill and labor that he copied the crack which extended the whole length of the model. [Laughter.]

Gov. Brown of Georgia.

We annex a couple of extracts from the message of this gentleman to the Legislature of Georgia, convened in extra session at Milledgeville, on March 25th. The extracts are specialties, and take right hold of [illegible] very opportunely. Indeed, the entire paper emanating from His Excellency is marked by great ability; and we are at a loss to discover that any subject of pregent or future interest to his people has been treated of in a manner at all inconsistent with the lights furnished by experience and existing exigencies. All honor to Joe Brown:

TRANSPORTATION OF PROVISIONS.

So great is the scarcity of provisions, in the Cherokee country, that it is impossible to subsist the soldiers' families and the poor much longer without the transportation of corn from the Southwestern Georgia. The rolling stock upon the Southwestern, and the Macon and Western Railroads, is not sufficient to carry forward the corn and to do the work required by the Confederate Government. Surrounded by these difficulties I have thought it best to direct the Superintendent of the State Road to put one of his best trains upon the roads to Southwestern Georgia for the transportation of corn to supply bread to those who must otherwise suffer. I shall be obliged to continue this policy till the emergency is passed, though I may not be able to carry over the State Road all Government freight offered as promptly as I could wish. I feel it to be my highest duty to so use the property of the State, as to prevent, if possible, suffering on the part of the poor or the families of the soldiers for want of bread.

RIGHTS OF THE CHURCHES.

I recommend the repeal of section 1376 of the Code, which prohibits "any church, society, or other body, or any persons, to grant license or other authority, to any slave or free person of color, to preach or exhort, or otherwise officiate in church matters." I entertain no doubt, that negroes are sometimes very useful among their own people as preachers or exhorters. This is a question of which the church of the living God, and not the legislature of a State, is the proper judge. The loyal support which the churches of all religious denominations have given to the Confederate and State Governments, and the aid which they have afforded the government, in the maintenance of our slavery institutions, have demonstrated, that they understand this question, and may safely be trusted. The legislature, under pretence of police regulation or otherwise, therefore, has no right to infringe upon religious liberty, or usurp the power which belongs to the churches. Render to Cæsar the things that are Cæsar's and to God the things that are God's, is an injunction which the State has no right to disregard.

☞ Soft Soap, after boiling until well done, can be hardened by stirring in a sufficient quantity of corn meal, which is a great improvement to the soap, and cheaper than salt at present prices.

Progress Raving.

The annexed ravings of the *Progress*, with us only excite a smile of pity for the hallucinations of our friend. We have no "factory lords." They don't grow in these parts. Our folks cleaned all that pseudo stripe out along about '75 and '76. They won't have them no way. We are sorry to be told that all the men of enterprise, in the region of the *Progress*, are a set of "swindlers"—yes, that's the word. We have, simply, citizen manufacturers; and we know them to be gentlemen of honorable bearing in all their business relations, and citizens of unimpeachable integrity. But to the annexed:

A WHOLESALE CONDEMNATION.—The Raleigh Progress indulges in a furious tirade against the "factory lords." As a sample merely of a long article, we quote as follows:

"There is a class that are getting rich and who want the war to continue that they may continue to *swindle* the needy. We say *swindle*, for that is the word. We allude to the factory lords, none of whom have shown any regard for the seventy-five per cent. clause in the exemption bill, but on the contrary are selling their wares at several hundred per cent."

As we *know* the above sweeping charge to be unfounded as to factories in this place, we hope and believe it is unfounded as to others in other parts of the State. Is it not strange that a newspaper should make a charge of swindling, either upon false information or no information at all, when it would have been easy to get the facts.—*Fayetteville Observer.*

Exemption.

We find that an impression prevails to some extent that Congress has passed a bill modifying the Exemption Act of October 1862. This, however, is a mistake.—A bill to repeal all former exemption laws and to declare who shall hereafter be exempt passed the Senate a few weeks ago, but has not yet been acted on in the House. The Act of October 1862 is still the law of the land.

From Texas and Louisiana.

Gen. Magruder has ordered that, if the militia which have been called out for the defense of Texas, will organize into companies, and have their arms, ammunition, equipage, etc., boxed and sent to the ordnance office at Houston, they may be disbanded and allowed to return home. They will be required to muster once a week, in order to be prepared to go into action whenever called upon; but the "arrangement is made in the hope and expectation that the militia will not be called away again from their industral pursuits.

During the past few weeks they have had heavy rains throughout Texas—more than has fallen for some years. All the creeks and rivers are so full that communication is interrupted on the stage and Railroad routes. The corps in Texas always yield more bountifully after a wet winter.

Only eleven gentlemen have thus far announced themselves as candidates for the Gubernatorial Chair of Texas. It appears that there still are some men in that section who still do want to serve their country.

The Governor of Louisiana has called an extra session of the Legislature of that State to meet at Shreveport on the 4th of May.

Planters in Louisiana are preparing to put in large corn corps. The right course, and the most pariotic course.

From Arizona.

The Federal troops in New Mexico and Arizona, 2000 in number, are from California. About 300 of them, who enlisted in California in order to get to Dixie, have already deserted, and are now in Chihuahua, endeavoring to make their way to Texas. The U. S. troops are under Carleton. He has also one light battery.—He has provided large quantities of stores, most of which are near Fort Lyons, one hundred miles west of Union, and in the same region with the celebrated post of Cubero, captured by Dr. Kavanaugh last year. They are at a place called Ojo del Gallio, in the Navajoe Nation, and seem to have been placed there as provision for a line of retreat.

Most of the Mexican population in Arizona and New Mexico are looking for our troops.

Many of the merchants of Chihuabua of Southern origin and feeling, are now storing large quantities of flour and grain, hoping it will again be wanted by our people in repossessing themselves of Arizona.

From Mexico.

The French gunboats have captured Minititlan.

The French army commenced their march for Puebla on February 19th. General Forey started on the 22d, and Soligney and Almonte followed on the 25th. It was presumed that the attack on Puebla would begin about the first of March. General Orlega has twenty-four thousand men for its defence, and General Comonfort has from eight to ten thousand men for the other defences.

The French officers are said to be disgusted.—The climate is operating unfavorably upon the soldiers.

Most of the French force at Vera Cruz are negroes from Martinique. The country between Puebla and the city of Mexico is infested with guerillas, well armed and mounted. A whole train of supplies from Vera Cruz for the French Army has been captured by these guerillas. The French are constructing a railroad to Puebla.

Passengers who arrived at San Francisco on the 10th, from Mazatlan, reported that the opinion prevailed in the best informed circles there, that the French would take possession of Sonora within ninety days.

From Arkansas.

In the late raid of the Federals into Batesville, Ark., they robbed all, friend, foe and neutral alike. They took their horses into the houses, fed them there, and committed other like excesses. They stole a large number of negroes, horses, wagons and large quantities of corn and forage.

The Federals still have undisputed possession in several counties in Northwestern Arkansas. They are administering the oath to everybody, and among their schemes is one to prohibit any family from having corn ground at any of the mills, all of which are in their possession, unless all the members of the family have first sworn to support Lincoln. The are enrolling the militia, and by threats or promises inducing the men to take sides against the Confederacy. The country is destitute of provisions, the horses and wagons are all stolen, and, for the time being, the people are at the mercy of the enemy. The jayhawkers and banditti in the mountains are the cause of great uneasiness to the people who are still loyal to the South.

A gentleman writing from Camden, Ark., says that our army in that State is in good health and spirits, and will soon be heard from.

BUTLER'S PERQUISITES.—"Three ships, two steamers and one bark." These vessels will arrive at Long Wharf to-day, about nine o'clock. They contain the immense wealth accumulated by Gen. Butler and staff, while stationed at New Orleans, which is estimated at about six millions dollars. There are two boots full of diamonds, one tea chest of childrens' silver mugs, one cradle full of ladies' gold hairpins, two bandboxes of pincushions, one coal hod of mosaic brooches, two clothes baskets of altar ornaments, seventeen vaulises of gold and silver watches, twenty-one strawberry boxes of gold rings, (stolen from ladies while walking in the streets,) two sugar boxes of silver door plates and knobs, and stocking full of decanter labels, sixteen segar boxes of gold pens and silver ever-pointed pencil cases, twenty one pianos (one for each of the staff,) two church organs, (a little out of tune,) one hack, five poodles, six stallions, and various other articles too numerous to mention. Col French, on his return, will bring the remainder of the lot.—*Boston Evening Gazette.*

AN IMPORTANT INVENTION.—A correspondent of the Greenville (S. C.) Enterprise, writing from Jones' Island, thus speaks of a new appliance recently introduced into Fort Sumter and other fortifications around Charleston, for traversing guns:

Among the new discoveries brought out by this war is one by Lieut. Col. Charles A. Yates, of Fort Sumter, which facilitates traversing a gun, to such an extent that it will require two hundred and fifty men less to work the guns in Fort Sumter now than formerly. It is said that a boy can move a columbiad nearly the quantum of men required before, which is generally from six to twelve.

Fire Marshal's Report for New York.

Fire Marshal Baker's semi-annual report is published, and contains, as usual, very much interesting matter. It urges immediate attention to the Petroleum question, and is quite eloquent on the subject of arson. The total number of fires was 148, thirty less than in the corresponding months of the previous year.—Losses, $629,574; insurance, $1,798,985; amount paid by Underwriters, $486,675. This is less than paid in the corresponding time last year, and in the previous six months less by $279,194

THE ALABAMA AND FLORIDA IN SOUTHERN WATERS.—A letter from Tybee Island, below Savannah, to a New York paper says:

On the evening of the 9th a steamer came into the harbor fired two guns and left again before the guns of the fortifications (six in number) could be brought to bear on her. The fort was in charge of Lieut. Miller. It was supposed the vessel was either the pirate Alabama or Florida, or some bold blockade runner.

A den of thieves was discovered near this place on yesterday. There have been several smoke-house robberies committed here within the past six weeks. Mr. Thos. Johnston's was swept very clean of meat Saturday night; and yesterday morning he found the trail of the thieves and tracked them to their cave. Two of them, one a woman were arrested and committed to the County prison. Two, one of them a runaway negro, made good their escape.

[*Salisbury Watchman.*

Frank Blair, in a drunken spree, in St. Louis, recently declared they had all the power, all the men, all the means to subdue the South; but that they would certainly fail and be whipped, unless they sent South and brought a General! They had no General—the South had them all!

The best aid for a school and nursery of good seamen and shipmasters—Blockade.

Funeral Notice.

DIED, In Charlotte, at the residence of GEN. D. H. HILL, MARY GRAHAM, infant daughter of Major A. C. and MRS. SUE W. AVERY.

☞ The funeral services will take place this morning, April 1st, at 10 o'clock, at GEN. HILL'S residence. The friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

NEGRO BOY WANTED

FOR a House Servant. For an active and intelligent Boy a good price will be paid. Apply at THIS OFFICE.

April 1, 1863—3t

AUCTION SALES.

Cargo of the Steam Ship Margaret and Jessie.

BY JOHN G MILNER & Co.

On FRIDAY, the 3d of April, at 10 o'clock we will sell, at our Store,

137 MEETING STREET.

CHARLESTON, S. C.

THE CARGO OF THE STEAM SHIP MARGARET AND JESSIE:

DRY GOODS.

37 cases 32 inch Fancy Spring Prints
10 cases ¾ Fancy Spring Prints
16 trunks Fancy Spring Prints
4 cases Mourning Prints
3 cases Regtta or Shirting Prints
47 cases 36 and 40 inch Bleached Shirting
4 bales DeBage
4 bales Blue and White, Plum Colored, Blue and Ruddy Union Plains
1 bale Red Flannel
1 case Printed Chally
1 case Figured Orleans
1 case All-Wool Black DeLaines
100 dozen Blue, Romal and Purple Handkerchiefs
1600 dozen Linen Braid
2700 dozen Linen Tape
350 great gross Black and White Hooks and Eyes
500 great gross Agate Buttons
900 M. Baylis' First Quality Needles, from Nos. 0 to 12
147½ pounds Super Black Sewing Silk
38 dozen Children's White Half Hose.

STEEL PENS.

2000 gross Steel Pens.

HARDWARE AND BRUSHES.

50 dozen Panel, Rip and Hand Saws
12 dozen Blind Buck Hand Saws
50 dozen Weeding Hoes
18 dozen Hair Brooms
10 dozen Horn Brushes
21 dozen Stove Brushes
38 dozen Banister, Scrubbing and Hair Brushes
76 set Shoe Brushes
24 dozen Long and Short Handle Tar Brushes.

GROCERIES, DRUGS, &c.

50 cases Super Sherry Wine
67 half chests Fine Gunpowder Tea.
10 chest Congou Tea
30 boxes English Yellow Soap
132 boxes Castile Soap
6 boxes Tobacco
10 casks Pulv. Cream Tartar
3 boxes Extract Logwood
15 cases Indigo Blue
5 bales English Hops
3 bales Catechu
8 jars Hydriod. Potass
1 keg Alum
30 pounds Saltpetre.

SHOES AND LEATHER.

13 cases Woman's and Children's Black Cloth Boots, Girls' Wax Calf Boots and Patent Leather Boots
23 cases, containing—
Woman's Wax Calf Boots, Girls' Patent and Calf Boots, Children's Black American Patent Leather Shoes, Children's Colored Sheep Skin Shoes, Children's Patent Elastic Shoes, Infants' Black Patent Leather Gaiter Buskins, Woman's Cloth Gaiters, Ladies' Congress Gaiters, Ladies' Red Congress Gaiters, Gents Congress Boots, &c., &c.
94 dozen Shoe Hides
47 dozen French Calf Skins
12 dozen English Blacking
100 dozen Star Blacking
20 pieces [illegible]
12 pieces Elastic Goring
9 dozen Wool Hats,

ALSO,

2 trunks English Garden Seeds,

April 1 '62-d3t.

BY W. B. GRIFFIN & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS,

AUGUSTA, GA.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The Property known as the

PLANTER'S HOTEL,

FOR A DIVISION.

ON THURSDAY, 9th of April, at 12 o'clock, M., in front of our Store, will be sold, for a division,

That valuable property, in the City of Augusta, on the corner of Broad and Macartan Street, known as the Planter's Hotel. The lot fronts on Broad Street 90 feet, and extends back, of same width, to Jones' Street. It has all the conveniences of a first class Hotel, with accommodations for a large number of guests.

The property is so well known a further description is deemed unnecessary. It may be treated for at private sale until sale day.

Terms.—At purchasers option, cash or one half cash, ballance in equal payments at one and two years, with interest and mortgage on the property, the buildings to be insured and policy assigned. Purchaser to pay for papers.

March 21, 1863—

THE GARRETT DAVIS.

THIS THOROUGH BRED HORSE will stand in Charlotte three days in each week until the 10th of July next. Also, at Morrows Turn Out.

TERMS: Thirty dollars to each mare.

Apply to R. RABE,
March 20, '63—10t* Charlotte, N. C.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED from the Confederate Stables in Charlotte, on Wednesday evening, the 25th inst, one sorrel mare MULE. She was very broad across the back, and about twelve hands high and had a blind bridle on when she left.

The above reward will be paid for her delivery to me at this post. R. J. ECHOLS,
March 30, 1863—d3t ojlt Capt. and A. Q. M.

NOTICE.

PERSONS having Horses to spare for the service, can find a purchaser by calling on the subscriber who is now in Charlotte for the purpose of procuring Horses for his Company.

J. Y. BRYCE, Captain
Hornets Nest Rangers.

P. S.—Persons wishing to join my Company can do so by applying to me on or before the 9th of April.

March 30, 1863—tf

COMFORT.

WE are manufacturing to order for Gentlemen wear the regular "CONGRESS GAITER;" also a beautiful article of Gaiters for Ladies, the most comfortable and elegant Shoe for Summer now worn, at

WILLIAMS & GRAY'S.

☞ One "Fine Shoe Maker" wanted.

March 26, 1863 tf.

WANTED.

WANTED at the Medical Purveyor's Office, Charlotte, N. C, one COPPER STILL and fixtures, largest size.

JAS. T. JOHNSON, Med. Pur.

March 26, 1863—dtf

FOR SALE.

The Toll House and Lot on the Statesville Plank Road, near the property of Jno. J. Blackwood, Esq. Apply to

WM. JOHNSTON.

January 28, 1863 tf

AUCTION SALES.

Cargos Imported ex Steamers Emma, Antonica and Eagle.

BY R. A. PRINGLE.

137 MEETING STREET,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

ON THURSDAY next, the 2d April, will be sold,

GROCERIES, AND LIQUORS.

140 caddies Gunpowder Tea
200 boxes Castile Soap
100 boxes Pale Yellow Soap
105 kegs Bi-Carb. Soda
150 cases Brandy
50 cases Claret Wine
50 cases Sherry Wine
8 bags Damaged Coffee.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

30 bbls. Soda Crystals
4 cases Castor Oil, in quarts
4 cases Almond Oil
8 flasks Quicksilver.

HARDWARE.

50 cases Cotton Cards, No 10
14 dozen Pen Knives
6 dozen Shoe Brushes
1 case Percussion Caps
6 cases Brushes, consisting of Shoe, Cloth, Stove, Horse, Scrubbing, Mill, Polishing, Ground, Sash, Tool, Dusters, White-wash and Hair Brushes, and Hair Brooms.

SHOES.

20 cases Negro Brogans, 1500 pair.

PAPER AND ENVELOPES.

52 cases Assorted Cap, Letter and Note Paper, Ruled and Unruled
10 cases C. R. Folio Post
3 cases Red Blotting
2 cases Large Linen Note
1 case Large Straw Note
2 cases Double Small Hand
4 cases Printing
1 case Double Imperial, Fine
5 cases Imperial, Brown
5 cases Envelopes, Bay, Fine Royal, Hand and Brown Paper
12 bales Double Small Hand
2 bales Printing
2 cases 90,000 Envelopes
6 kegs Printing Ink.

DRY GOODS, &c.

6 cases Fancy Prints
6 cases Mourning Prints
4 cases Black and Colored Coburgs and DeBage
3 cases Bleached Shirtings
1 case French Mixtures and Tweeds
1 case Assorted Prints, Muslins and DeLaines
2 cases Enamelled Muslin
3 cases 6-4 Mixtures, Mottles, Mixed Coating and Corded Alpacas
12 cases Fancy Cross Over Striped Cords, Reps, Fancy Checks and Mottles
10 bales Flannels
3 bales Tweeds
3 cases Buck and Doeskins, (Fancy)
2 cases Gloves, Assorted
1 case Linen Tapes, Assorted
1 case Regatta Shirts
3 cases Merino Shirts
1 case Linen Shirts
1 case Ladies' Pants and Chemises
1 case Hoop Skirts
1 case Neck Ties and Garters
5 cases Black, White and Colored Spool Cotton
2 cases Flax Thread
1 case Assorted Buttons
1 case Agate Buttons
1 case Black and White Bone Buttons
5 cases Pins
2 gross Fine Combs
4 cases Felt Hats
1 case [illegible] Brushes.

April 1, 1863—2t

DISSOLUTION.

The copartnership heretofore existing under the name and style of STEVENS, SCHUTT & McLEAN, in the general Cabinet business, is this day dissolved by the withdrawal of I. A. McLEAN. The business will be continued at the same stand by the undersigned, who respectfully solicit a portion of public patronage.

J. H. STEVENS & CO.

January 26, 1863—tf

STOCK FOR SALE.

25 SHARES of Atlantic, Tennessee & Ohio R. R. Stock for sale.

Apply to M. L. WRISTON.
Oct. 8. '62-dtf. Treasurer.

CONFEDERATE 8 PER CENT. BONDS,

For sale at the Branch Bank of North Carolina, Charlotte.

THOS. W. DEWEY,
Jan 9, 1863—tf Cashier.

FOR GENTLEMEN.

Just received a lot of Paris maed fine soft HATS at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

December 11, 1862—tf

NEW BONNET RIBBONS.

New styles and assorted colors just received at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

December 11, 1862—tf

LIFE INSURANCE.

The North Carolina Mutual Life Insurance Company, the oldest and most reliable company in the State, insures White persons to the extent of $5,000, and Slaves for two-thirds their market value.

Persons desiring to insure their own lives or their slaves will make application to the Agent at the Branch Bank, Charlotte.

THOS. W. DEWEY, Agent.

Jan 1, 1863—4m

SUBSTITUTES WANTED.

Two able bodied men, over Conscript age, who may be able to enter the service, are wanted and will be employed by gentlemen not liable, but who are desirous to contribute in the defence of their country and its institutions. For particulars apply to the Editor of the "BULLETIN," who has been authorized to negotiate.

March 3, 1863 tf

DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c.

Opium, Morphine, Quinine, French Brandy, Old Port Wine and Castor Oil, (by the gallon,) Indigo, Castile Soap, Sup. Carb Soda, (by the keg,) Calomel and Nitrate of Silver, (Lunar Caustic,) just received.

WANTED, 150 pounds Red Rose Leave (perfectly dry) for which 50 cents a poun will be paid by

E. NYE HUTCHISON & Co.,
Charlotte, June 3—tf Druggist.

SPINNER WANTED.

The highest wages will be paid a first class Mule Spinner, on application through this office.

March, 17 '63—dtf.